



STATE OF NEVADA OFFICE OF THE MILITARY
OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL
2460 FAIRVIEW DRIVE
CARSON CITY, NEVADA 89701-6807



BRIAN SANDOVAL
Governor

WILLIAM R. BURKS
Brigadier General
The Adjutant General

NVNG-HR

1 December 2018

MEMORANDUM FOR All Nevada National Guard Managers, Supervisors, and Technicians

SUBJECT: HRO Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for Processing Requests for Reasonable Accommodation (RA) and Personal Assistance Services (PAS)

1. This SOP defines and establishes the Reasonable Accommodation procedure for current Federal Technicians (Title 32) and Civilian (Title 5).
2. The SOP is in compliance with the Affirmative Action for Individuals with Disabilities Federal Employment, Rehabilitation Act, 29 C.F.R. § 1614.203 (January 3, 2017) (Rule). The Rule codifies a variety of obligations currently placed on federal agencies by management directives and Executive Orders. It also adds substantive affirmative action requirements, mandating that federal agencies: (1) adopt employment goals for individuals with disabilities, with sub-goals for individuals with targeted disabilities; (2) provide personal assistance services to certain employees who need them because of a targeted disability; and (3) meet a number of other requirements designed to improve the recruitment, hiring, retention, and advancement of individuals with disabilities in the federal workforce.
3. Further questions you may have concerning RA, pertinent laws or regulations may be referred to the State Equal Employment Manager, Alicia Nyland at (775) 384-5845, e-mail: alicia.l.nyland.civ@mail.mil

FOR THE ADJUTANT GENERAL:

John M. Krueger
JOHN M. KRUEGER
LTC, SC, NVARNG
Director of Manpower and Personnel

**Equal Employment Opportunity
Reasonable Accommodation (RA) and Personal Assistance Services (PAS)**

1. **Purpose.** To establish responsibilities, guidelines, and procedures that will support the prompt, fair, and efficient processing of reasonable accommodation (RA) and personal assistance services (PAS) requests in compliance with statutory and regulatory requirements.

2. **Applicability.** All T32 military technicians and T5 civilians of the Nevada National Guard, and prospective applicants for employment.

3. **General.** The Reasonable Accommodation (RA) and Personal Assistance Services (PAS) program will ensure qualified individuals with disabilities are afforded the same rights and opportunities as everyone else. RA and PAS are case and fact-specific processes. These operating procedures do not establish guidance of medical requirements for Nevada National Guard military members.

4. **Responsibilities.**

a. The Adjutant General (TAG) establishes an effective RA and PAS program that meets the statutory and regulatory requirements of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission's Enforcement Guidance under the Americans with Disabilities Act.

b. Human Resources Officer (HRO) provides oversight of the RA and PAS program, and ensures the statutory and regulatory requirements of this plan are followed. The HRO is the approving authority for RA and PAS requests.

c. Disability Program Manager / State Equal Employment Manager (DPM/SEEM) administers the program in accordance with the procedures outlined in this SOP; and

(1) Provides guidance, training, and technical assistance to supervisors, employees, and applicants concerning their responsibilities under the RA and PAS program;

(2) Processes, tracks and maintains all RA and PAS requests and records.

5. **Information Tracking and Reporting.**

a. The DPM/SEEM will utilize the Reasonable Accommodation or Personal Assistance Services Information Tracking Form for tracking and processing of RA and PAS requests. Records related to an RA and PAS request will be maintained at a minimum for the duration of the employee's tenure, and secured in the DPM/SEEM office. This will ensure that the employee is not asked to provide medical information previously submitted. For applicants who are not selected, the records will be maintained for one calendar year after the selection date.

b. RA and PAS requests may be used to report general information, such as total number of requests for accommodations/services, types of accommodations/services requested, and the length of time taken to process requests.

6. **Annual Review.** An annual review will be conducted of all approved RA requests to determine if there is a continuing need for the accommodation. The review will be conducted on or about the anniversary date of the initial approval of the RA request. The employee and supervisor will work together to conduct the review. The review will be documented as a memorandum for record (MFR) by the employee's supervisor, and a copy will be sent to the DPM/SEEM. The MFR will be filed with the DPM/SEEM along with the rest of the RA documentation.

7. **References.**

- Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA)
- Americans with Disabilities Amendments Act of 2008 (ADAA) 3 – Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended
- Executive Order (EO) 13164
- EEOC Enforcement Guidance: Reasonable Accommodation and Undue Hardship under the Americans with Disabilities Act dated October 17, 2002
- EEOC Enforcement Guidance: Disability-Related Inquiries and Medical Examinations of Employees under the Americans with Disabilities Act dated July 27, 2000
- EEOC’s Questions and Answers: Federal Agencies’ Obligation to Provide Personal Assistance Services (PAS) under Section 501 of the Rehabilitation Act dated September 18, 2017

8. **Enclosures.**

- Enclosure A – Definitions
- Enclosure B – Reasonable Accommodation
- Enclosure C – Personal Assistance Services
- Enclosure D – Form, Request for Reasonable Accommodation or PAS
- Enclosure E – Form, Confirmation of Request for RA /PAS
- Enclosure F – Form, Reasonable Accommodation or PAS Decision Form

Enclosure A Definitions

1. Reasonable Accommodation may include, but is not limited to:
 - a. Modifications or adjustments to a job application process that enable a qualified applicant with a disability to be considered for the position;
 - b. Modifications or adjustments to the work environment or to the manner or circumstances under which the position held or desired is customarily performed, that enable a qualified individual with a disability to perform the essential functions of that position; or
 - c. Modifications or adjustments that enable an employee with a disability to enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment as are enjoyed by other similarly situated employees without disabilities.
2. Essential Functions of a job are those job duties that are so fundamental to the position that the individual cannot do the job without being able to perform them. A function can be essential if, among other things:
 - a. The position exists specifically to perform the function;
 - b. There are a limited number of employees available among whom the performance of that job function can be distributed; or
 - c. The function is highly specialized so that the incumbent in the position is hired for his or her expertise or ability to perform the particular function.
3. Extenuating Circumstances are factors that could not reasonably have been anticipated or avoided in advance of the RA or PAS request.
4. Individual with a Disability has one or more of the following:
 - a. A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities of the individual;
 - b. A record of such an impairment; or
 - c. Being regarded as having such an impairment.
5. Major Life Activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. In general, care for oneself, performing manual tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, walking, standing, sitting, reaching, lifting, bending, speaking, breathing, learning, reading, concentrating, thinking, communicating, interacting with others, and working.
 - b. The operation of a major bodily function, including functions of the immune system, special sense organs and the skin, normal cell growth, and digestive, genitourinary, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, cardiovascular, endocrine, hemic, lymphatic, musculoskeletal, and reproductive functions. The operation of a major bodily function includes the operation of an individual organ within a body system.
6. Qualified, with respect to an individual with a disability, means the individual satisfies the requisite skill,

experience, education and other job-related requirements of the employment position such individual holds or desires and, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the position.

7. Undue Hardship is an action requiring significant difficulty or expense incurred by the Nevada National Guard. In determining whether an accommodation would impose an undue hardship, factors to be considered include:

- a. The nature and net cost of the accommodation needed;
- b. The overall financial resources of the facility or facilities involved in the provision of the reasonable accommodation, the number or persons employed at such facility, and the effect on expenses and resources;
- c. The overall financial resources of the Nevada National Guard, the overall size of the organization with respect to the number of its employees, and the number, type, and the location of its facilities;
- d. The type of operations, including the composition, structure and functions of its workforce and the geographic separateness and administrative of fiscal relationship of the facility or facilities in question; and
- e. The impact of the accommodation upon the operation of the facility, including the impact on the ability of other employees to perform their duties and the impact on the facility's ability to conduct business.

8. Targeted Disability is a subset of conditions that would be considered disabilities under the Rehabilitation Act. The federal government has recognized that qualified individuals with certain disabilities face significant barriers to employment, that are above and beyond the barriers faced by people with a broader range of disabilities. A list of targeted disabilities can be found at https://www.opm.gov/Forms/pdf_fill/sf256.pdf.

9. Interactive Process is an interactive communication process with an employee who has requested an accommodation (or otherwise indicated a need) in order to clarify the specific nature of the disability and identify the appropriate reasonable accommodation. This may include asking relevant questions that will enable the supervisor or management official to make an informed decision regarding the agency's accommodation responsibilities in a specific situation.

10. Personal Assistance Services are services that help individuals who, because of a targeted disability require assistance to perform basic activities of daily living, like eating and using the restroom, during work hours and job-related travel.

Enclosure B
Reasonable Accommodation

1. Requesting Reasonable Accommodation.

a. A reasonable accommodation (RA) may be requested at any time, either verbally or in writing (using the form at Enclosure D) for an adjustment or change concerning some aspect of the application process, the job, or a benefit of employment for a reason related to a medical condition.

b. Requests may be made by a designated representative (e.g. family member, medical professional); for example, a doctor's note outlining medical restrictions may be submitted as a request for RA.

c. A request does not have to include any special words, such as reasonable accommodation, disability, or Rehabilitation Act. A request is any communication that lets the agency know that an adjustment or change at work is needed for a reason related to a medical condition.

d. The RA process begins as soon as the verbal or written request for an accommodation is made, so it is imperative that the request be submitted directly to the DPM/SEEM. If requests are submitted to someone other than the DPM/SEEM, ensure they are forwarded to the DPM/SEEM within 5 business days of receipt of the request. Upon receipt, the DPM/SEEM will log in the request using the Confirmation of Request for Reasonable Accommodation/Personal Assistance Services Form Enclosure E.

2. Interactive Process.

a. The DPM/SEEM will make contact within 5 business days after the RA request is made to begin discussing the request. Discussions will include the precise nature of the problem that is generating the request, how a disability is prompting a need for an accommodation, and alternative accommodations.

b. If a designated representative makes the RA request, the DPM/SEEM will, if possible, confirm that the RA is needed by the applicant or employee before proceeding. Where this is not possible, for example, because the employee has been hospitalized in an acute condition, the DPM/SEEM will process the request if it seems appropriate (e.g. by granting immediate leave) and will consult directly with the individual needing the accommodation as soon as practicable.

c. The DPM/SEEM may need to consult with other Nevada National Guard personnel (e.g. chain of command, State Judge Advocate, IT department) or outside sources to obtain information necessary to make a determination about the request. All parties must give high priority to responding quickly to a request for information or assistance in order to meet mandatory time lines.

d. The DPM/SEEM will forward the request to the Occupational Health Nurse who will determine if the impairment qualifies as a disability under the ADAA of 2008, and coordinate with all parties to identify an effective accommodation. This information will be recorded on the Recommendation for Reasonable Accommodation/Personal Assistance Services Form.

e. A reassignment to another position may be an effective accommodation if no other accommodations are available to enable performance of the essential functions of the job, or if the only effective accommodation would cause undue hardship.

(1) The DPM/SEEM will work with HRO to identify vacant positions, or positions identified as becoming vacant within 60 days from the date the search is initiated, within the agency for which the employee may be qualified, with or without RA.

(2) Reassignment may be made to a vacant position outside of the local commuting area if the employee is willing to commute the extra distance or relocate at their own expense.

3. Time Limits.

a. The time frame for processing an RA request, including providing the accommodation if the request is approved, is as soon as possible but not later than 45 business days from the date the request is made.

b. The DPM/SEEM will process requests and, when appropriate, provide accommodations in as short a period as reasonably possible. Where there is a delay in either processing a request or providing a RA, the DPM/SEEM will notify the applicant/employee of the reasons for delay, including any extenuating circumstances that justify the delay. Unnecessary delays in processing RA requests can result in a violation of the Rehabilitation Act.

c. The time frame begins when an oral or written request for RA is made, and not necessarily when it is received by the DPM/SEEM. Therefore, all parties involved in processing a request should respond as quickly as possible. This includes referring a request to the Occupational Health Nurse, contacting a doctor if medical information or documentation is needed, and providing technical assistance to the DPM/SEEM regarding issues raised by a request (e.g. information regarding the essential functions of the job; information regarding compatibility of certain adaptive equipment).

d. In the event the Occupational Health Nurse needs to request medical information from a healthcare provider or other appropriate medical professional, the time frame will stop the date the request for medical information was made. The time frame will resume on the day the medical information is received by the Occupational Health Nurse.

e. If the disability is obvious or already known to the Occupational Health Nurse, and an accommodation can be provided quickly, then the Occupational Health Nurse should not require the full 45 business days to process the request. The following are examples of situations where the disability is obvious or already known and an accommodation can be provided in less than the allotted time frame:

(1) An employee with insulin-dependent diabetes may request three breaks a day to test his/her blood sugar levels in private.

(2) An employee with clinical depression who takes medication that makes it hard for them to be at work by 9:00 a.m. may request an alternate work schedule with a later start time.

(3) An employee with a serious learning disability may ask for meeting agendas to be distributed ahead of time because their disability makes it difficult to read quickly and they need more time to prepare prior to the meeting.

11. Expedited Processing of a Request. In certain circumstances, an RA request will require an expedited review and decision. This includes an accommodation needed to enable an applicant to apply for a position or to enable an employee to attend a short notice event. Cases that require expedited processing will be adjudicated as soon as possible.

12. Interim Accommodations and Extenuating Circumstances. When a RA cannot be provided immediately, an interim accommodation will be identified in order to avoid, for example, a worsening of symptoms or exacerbation of a medical condition. Under extenuating circumstances, the time for processing an RA request and providing an accommodation will be extended as reasonably necessary. An extension will be limited to circumstances where it is absolutely necessary and only for as long as required to manage the extenuating circumstance.

13. Request for Medical Information.

a. A disability is obvious or already known when it is clearly visible or the individual previously

provided medical information showing that the condition meets the Rehabilitation Act definition. If the need for accommodation is not obvious or already known, the Occupational Health Nurse is authorized to request medical information identifying the covered disability that requires a RA. It is the responsibility of the applicant/employee to provide appropriate medical information requested by the Occupational Health Nurse where the disability and/or need for accommodation are not obvious or already known.

b. Generally, the RA request will include appropriate medical documentation. If the medical documentation provided with the request is insufficient to make a determination, the Occupational Health Nurse may request additional information from the requestor and/or the appropriate health professional in order to substantiate the existence of a disability and/or need. The Occupational Health Nurse may also give the individual a list of questions to give the health care provider or other appropriate professional to answer.

c. The Occupational Health Nurse may have the medical information reviewed by a doctor of the agency's choosing, at the agency's expense to help determine whether the disability meets the Rehabilitation Act definition. The ADAA directs that the definition of disability be construed broadly and that the determination of whether an individual has a disability generally should not require extensive analysis. Notwithstanding, the Occupational Health Nurse may require medical information in order to design an appropriate and effective accommodation.

14. Confidentiality.

a. Under the Rehabilitation Act, medical information obtained in connection with the RA process must be kept confidential. This means that all medical information that the Occupational Health Nurse and DPM/SEEM obtains in connection with a request for RA must be kept in files separate from personnel files. This includes the fact that an accommodation has been requested or approved and information about functional limitations. All parties involved in RA requests are bound by these confidentiality requirements.

b. The DPM/SEEM may share certain information with agency officials as necessary to make appropriate determinations on a RA request. Under these circumstances, the DPM/SEEM will inform the recipients about the confidentiality requirements. The information disclosed will be no more than is necessary to process the request. In certain situations, the DPM/SEEM will not necessarily need to reveal any identifying information (e.g. requester's name, disability, workplace location).

(1) In addition to disclosures of information needed to process a request for accommodation, other disclosures of medical information are permitted as follows:

(2) Supervisors are entitled to whatever information is necessary to implement job duty restrictions or provide a reasonable accommodation.

(3) First aid and safety personnel may be informed, when appropriate, if the disability might require emergency treatment or assistance in evacuation. Government officials may be given information necessary to investigate the agency's compliance with the Rehabilitation Act.

15. Resolution of the RA Request.

a. The Occupational Health Nurse will review the RA request form, position description, and medical documentation if necessary, then make a recommendation to the HRO on the Recommendation for Reasonable Accommodation or Personal Assistance Services Form.

(1) If the Occupational Health Nurse determines that there is a different and effective accommodation from the one requested, the Occupational Health Nurse will provide written recommendation both for the reasons for the modification of the specific requested accommodation and why the Occupational Health Nurse believes that the chosen accommodation will be effective.

(2) If the Occupational Health Nurse recommends denial of the RA request, a written explanation will be provided clearly stating the specific reason(s) for the recommended denial. Enclosure F. The written explanation will specifically address why the accommodation would result in undue hardship or why it would be ineffective. If the denial is for reasons of undue hardship or the RA is not required by the Rehabilitation Act, alternate accommodations will be explored.

b. The HRO is the approving authority for RA requests. The HRO will use the recommendation from the Occupational Health Nurse to guide the final decision. All decisions regarding the approval, modification, or denial of the request for RA will be documented on the Reasonable Accommodation or Personal Assistance Services Decision Form. The DPM/SEEM will coordinate the decision to all interested parties to assist with implementation of the accommodation, or requesting reconsideration.

c. Denial of an accommodation does not prevent making another request at a later time if circumstances change and an accommodation is needed due to limitations from a disability (e.g. the disability worsens or assignment of new duties require an additional or different RA). Additionally, the DPM/SEEM may not refuse to process a request for reasonable accommodation, and a reasonable accommodation may not be denied, based on a belief that the accommodation should have been requested earlier (e.g. during the application process).

16. Implementation of Accommodation.

It is the responsibility of the applicant/employee and supervisor to ensure the approved accommodation or modification is implemented within the allotted time limits. If an assistive device or equipment needs to be purchased, it is the agency that the employee is assigned to that would be obligated to pay for any expenses for the accommodation. Supervisors should ensure they follow appropriate policies and regulations prior to procuring equipment.

17. Informal Dispute Resolution.

a. Whenever possible and in accordance with the desires of the complainant, the matter will be resolved in an informal setting. Informal resolution may include mediation when the parties agree. These mediation services may include consultation with the complainant and any other parties involved, either separately or jointly. Confidentiality in mediation shall be maintained.

b. An individual dissatisfied with the resolution of a RA request can ask the HRO to reconsider that decision. Reconsideration must be requested within 10 business days of receiving a written denial. A request for reconsideration will not extend the time limits for initiating administrative, statutory, or collective bargaining claims. Submit request to:

Nevada National Guard Human Resources Office
Joint Forces Headquarters
2460 Fairview Drive
Carson City, NV 89701

18. EEO Process.

An applicant or employee has the right to file an informal complaint, regardless of whether or not the employee utilized the Informal dispute Resolution process) if they believe the denial of the RA or PAS request was discrimination or harassment based on disability. A complaint should be filed with an EEO Counselor, within 45 calendar days after the date of the most recent alleged unlawful practice or discriminatory act, or within 45 calendar days after the date the complainant was notified or became aware of the alleged violation.

Enclosure C
Personal Assistance Services

Requesting PAS.

a. The process for requesting PAS, the process for determining whether such services are required, and the agencies right to deny such requests when provision of the services would pose an undue hardship, are the same as for RA process.

b. The Nevada National Guard is only required to provide PAS if:

- (1) An individual is an employee of the Nevada National Guard;
- (2) An individual has a targeted disability;
- (3) An individual requires the services because of his or her targeted disability;
- (4) An individual will be able to perform the essential functions of the job, without posing a direct threat to safety, once PAS and any required RA have been provided; and
- (5) Providing PAS will not impose an undue hardship on the Nevada National Guard.

c. Personal assistance services will be provided by a PAS provider. The Nevada National Guard may require PAS providers to perform services to more than one individual, and PAS providers may perform tasks unrelated to personal assistance services, but only to the extent that doing so does not result in failure to provide PAS in a timely manner.

d. If the Nevada National Guard is utilizing a PAS provider who will be assigned to a single individual, and if that individual prefers a particular provider (e.g. because the provider has worked with the individual in the past), the Nevada National Guard will give primary consideration to the employee's choice to the extent permitted by law.

e. The Nevada National Guard is prohibited from taking adverse actions against job applicants or employees based on their need for, or perceived need for PAS.

Request for Reasonable Accommodation or Personal Assistance Services Form				
1) Date		2) Applicant or Employee's Name		
3) Applicant or Employee's Phone Number		4) Log Number		
5) Does the employee require Personal Assistance Services?		<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
6) Does the employee have a qualifying disability under the definitions of the ADAA of 2008?				
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No				
7) Describe the disability or functional limitations				
8) Describe accommodation being requested and purpose for the request				
9) If an alternative accommodation is available, please identify effective alternative modifications				
10) List essential functions of the position and indicate whether the employee can perform the function with the requested accommodation:				
	Yes	No	N/A	
1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	
2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	
3.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	
4.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	
11) Was medical information provided? If yes, indicate by whom and identify who reviewed the medical information				
12) Accommodation recommendation to HRO?		<input type="radio"/> Approve	<input type="radio"/> Modify	<input type="radio"/> Deny
13) Occupational Health Nurse Print Name				
14) Occupational Health Nurse Signature				
15) Date				

Privacy Act Statement

The Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C section 791, and Executive Order 13164 authorize collection of this information. The primary use of this information is to consider, decide, and implement requests for reasonable accommodation and personal assistance services. Additional disclosures of the information may be: To medical personnel to meet a bona fide medical emergency; to another Federal agency, a court, or a party in litigation before a court or in an administrative proceeding being conducted by a Federal agency when the Government is a party to the judicial or administrative proceeding; to a congressional office from the record of an individual in response to an inquiry from the congressional office made at the request of the individual; and to an authorized appeal grievance examiner, formal complaints examiner, administrative judge, equal employment opportunity investigator, arbitrator or other duly authorized official engaged in investigation or settlement of a grievance, complaint or appeal filed by an employee.

Confirmation Request for Reasonable Accommodation / Personal Assistance Services Form			
1) Date of Request		2) Date Received	
3) Applicant or Employee's Name			
4) Applicant or Employee's Phone Number			
5) Office and Agency of Requesting Applicant / Employee			
6) Job (Occupational Series, Grade) Sought by Applicant / Employee			
7) Requesting Assistance Services?	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
8) Accommodation needed to apply for a job or perform the essential function of the job?			
<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			
9) Accommodation Requested (Be as specific as possible e.g. adaptive equipment, reader, interpreter)			
10) Reason for the Request (If request is time sensitive (e.g. needed to apply for a job or take a test) explain)			
11) Log Number: (assigned by DPM/SEEM)			
12) DPM / SEEM Signature			

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IAW AR 40-501 and AFI 48-123, Soldiers and Airmen are obligated to seek consultation and/or examination by the appropriate health professional whenever he or she has reasonable cause to suspect that such a condition has arisen, and is further obligated to report and provide documentation of any such condition diagnosis that may limit duty performance to the Soldier's or Airman's unit administrator for inclusion into the Soldier's or Airman's health record prior. Soldiers and Airmen must provide information within the required timeframe determined by their governing regulation.

Enclosure F

Reasonable Accommodation or Personal Assistance Services Decision Form			
1) Date		2) Applicant or Employee's Name	
3) Applicant or Employee's Phone Number		4) Log Number	
5) Accommodation or Personal Assistance Services request is:		<input type="radio"/> Approved	<input type="radio"/> Denied <input type="radio"/> Modified
6) If approved, indicate what accommodation will be provided			
7) If modified, describe modification and provide reason			
8) If denied, check reasons for denial (check all boxes apply)			
<p><input type="radio"/> The individual did not provide documentation of the disability that substantially limits a major life activity</p> <p><input type="radio"/> The requested accommodation of a disability will not enable the individual to perform the essential functions of the position</p> <p><input type="radio"/> The individual's disability/limitations do not prevent him/her from performing the essential functions of the position</p> <p>The accommodation/modification request will:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Create an undue administrative burden</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Create an undue impact on operations</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Fundamentally alter the nature or operation of the facility</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Require lowering of current performance standards</p> <p><input type="radio"/> An Effective accommodation that would not impose an undue hardship was offered, but was rejected by the individual</p> <p>Detailed reason for denial (must be specific): 3</p> <p>If the deciding official offered an accommodation that is different from the one original requested, explain: (a) the reasons for the denial of the accommodation originally requested; and (b) why the alternation accommodation would be effective.</p>			
9) Deciding Official Print Name			
10) Deciding Office Signature			11) Date

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